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The Challenge of Data Leakage For Businesses and Employees Around the World PRESENTED TO

cisco

AUGUST 2008



Research Objectives

Cisco contracted Insight Express to execute an international survey with a focus on the following objectives:

- Explore employee use of company devices, including communication services and devices used, personal activities conducted and the extent to which technology and information is shared.
- Assess IT's perception of employee use of non-IT approved programs and applications, concern for security issues and actions taken to prevent or uncover potential security breaches.
- Understand whether workers are concerned with security as well as how much they perceive themselves exposing their company-issued technology devices to risk.

Timing and Sample Qualifications

- This report discusses the findings for 1009 End Users and 1011 IT Decision Makers who completed the online survey between July 16 – August 4, 2008.
- The survey was translated into local languages and fielded in the following 10 countries:

REGION	THE AM	ERICAS		EUF	ROPE	ASIA-PACIFIC					
Country	US Brazil UK France		France	Germany Italy		China	Japan	India	Australia		
Abbreviation	US	BRA	UK	FRA	DEU	ITA	CHN	JPN	IND	AUS	
End Users	100	101	104	100	101	101	100	101	100	101	
n=											
II Decision Makers	100	106	100	101	100	100	102	100	100	102	

- Respondents were screened to meet the following criteria:
 - a. Adults (22+)
 - b. Employed
 - c. Does not work for a company in the Market Research or nonprofit Industry
 - d. Aware of approximately how many people their company employs at all locations worldwide
 - e. End Users: Is a non-IT professional
 - f. IT Decision Makers: Have some influence in purchasing and policy decisions



Personal Use Of Company-Issued Computer

 Nearly eight in 10 End Users who use their company-issued computer for personal matters send/receive personal email through a personal email account on a regular basis.

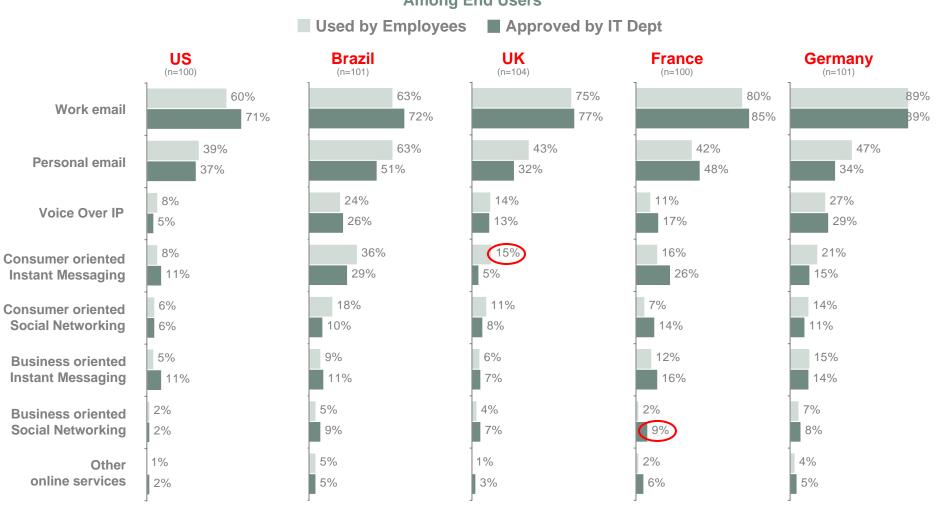
- Roughly half use their work computer for personal research and online banking.
- In China, End Users who use their company-issued computer for personal matters, conduct a wide variety of personal activities including email, instant messaging and downloading music/ videos.

					EN	D USE	RS _				
	Total	US (n=68)	BRA (n=96)	UK (n=82)	FRA (n=90)	DEU (n=74)	ITA (n=90)	CHN (n=99)	JPN (n=85)	IND (n=83)	AUS (n=73)
	(n=840)	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J
PERSONAL ACTIVITIES											
Sending/receiving personal Email through a personal email account	78%	75%	85% CEH	73%	77% H	72%	76%	84% H	62%	90% ACDEF HJ	78% H
Research	52%	53% GI	71% ACEFG HIJ	55% Gl	62% GI	51% G	57% Gl	32%	49% G	36%	51% G
Online banking	48%	47% EH	57% DEH	54% EH	40%	28%	53% EH	49% EH	27%	51% EH	73% ABCD FGHI
Sending/receiving personal Email through a work email account	42%	29%	39%	50% AH	54% ABEHI	38%	43%	45% A	34%	37%	49% A
Online bill paying	36%	41% H	52% CDEFH	33% H	33% H	26% H	27% H	41% EFH	12%	40% H	53% CDEFI
Internet shopping	36%	41% GH	46% EFH	44% EFH	39% H	26%	26%	44% EFH	20%	35% H	37% H
Instant Messaging	35%	26% H	56% ACDEF HJ	26% H	33% EH	16% H	30% EH	74% ABCDE FHIJ	4%	48% ACDEF HJ	27% H
Music/Video downloads e.g. iTunes	17%	9% E	25% ADEFH J	13% E	13% E	1%	13% E	37% ACDEF HIJ	9%	23% AEH	12% E
Social Networking e.g. MySpace, Facebook, etc.	15%	13% H	14% H	20% FH	13% H	15% FH	6%	22% FH	2%	27% ABDFH	14% H
Blogging	13%	4%	14%	11%	13%	5%	6%	33% ABCDE FHJ	7%	23% ACDFHJ	8%
Online investing	11%	7%	10%	7%	7%	8%	9%	28% ABCDE FHJ	5%	20% ACDEF HJ	4%
Peer to peer file/picture sharing e.g. Bit Torrent	10%	1%	15% AEH	6%	11% AH	4%	12% AH	24% ACDEF HIJ	2%	12% AH	8%
Chat rooms	9%	3%	8% EH	4%	13% ACEHJ	1%	6%	20% ABCEF HJ	1%	22% ABCEF HJ	3%
Online gambling	3%	1%	5% G	7% G	6% G	3%	4% G	0%	1%	2%	1%
Online pornography	1%	1%	3%	2%	1%	0%	1%	2%	1%	0%	1%
Other	3%	4% F	1%	4%	3%	4%	0%	3%	4%	4%	4%

Note: Letters A-J indicate significant differences between countries at 95% confidence level. Q: Please indicate below what types of personal activities you conduct with your work computer/device on a regular basis e.g. at least once per month. (Check all that apply.)

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• In the UK, consumer-oriented IM tends to be used by a significantly greater proportion of End Users compared to those who say such services are IT-approved.

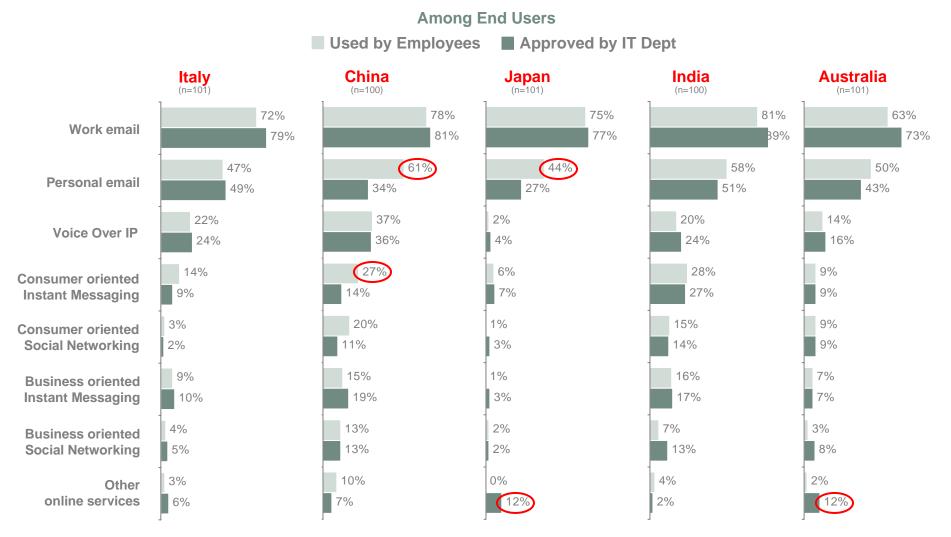


Among End Users

Note: Oindicates significant differences at 95% confidence level.

Q: What methods do you use to communicate with colleagues and customers while at work? (Check all that apply.) Q: Which of these services are officially approved for employee use by your company's Information Technology (IT) Department? (Check all that apply.)

• In China and Japan, significantly more End Users tend to use personal email compared to those who say it has the approval of their company's IT department.



Note:

indicates significant differences at 95% confidence level. Q: What methods do you use to communicate with colleagues and customers while at work? (Check all that apply.)
Q: Which of these services are officially approved for employee use by your company's Information Technology (IT) Department? (Check all that apply.)

5

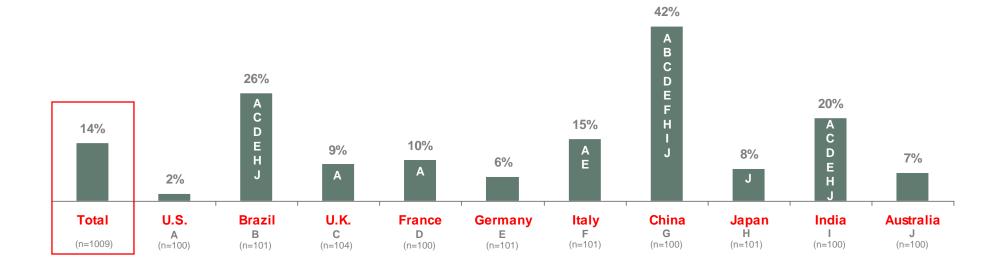
Altering Security Settings On Company-Issued Computer



• Compared to other countries, a significantly larger proportion of End Users in China, Brazil and India has altered the security settings on their company-issued laptop.

Among End Users

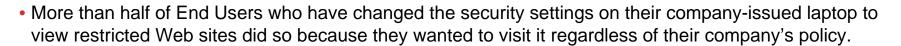
Have changed security settings



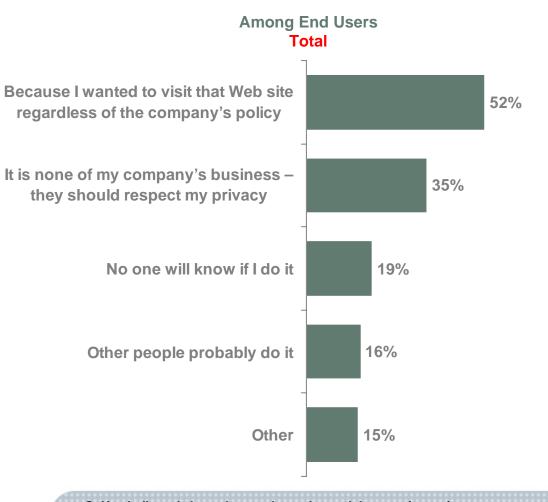
Note: Letters A-J indicate significant differences between countries at 95% confidence level.

Q: Have you ever changed the security settings on your company-issued laptop in order to view Web sites that are otherwise restricted/blocked?

Reasons For Altering Security Settings



• A considerable proportion (35%) say it is none of their company's business if they have changed the security settings on their computer.

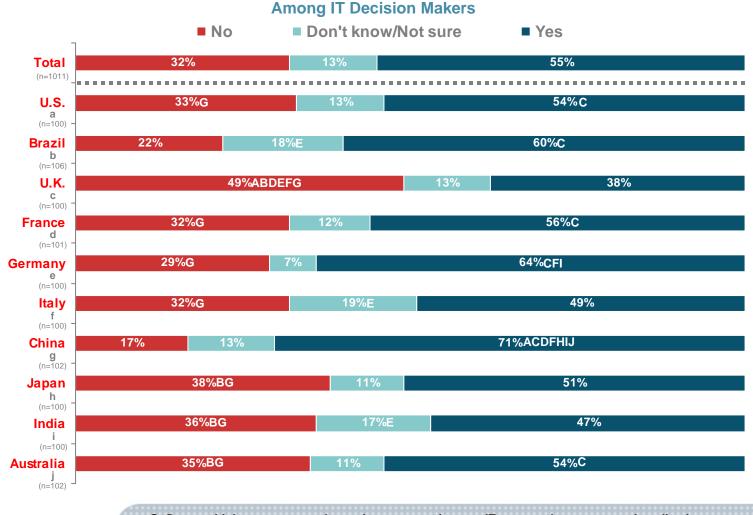


Q: You indicated above that you have changed the security settings on your company-issued laptop so you can view restricted Web sites. Why is that? (Check all that apply.)

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IT's View: Used vs. IT-Approved Communication Services

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- More than half of IT Decision Makers, particularly in China, believe employees are using non ITapproved programs and applications on their company-issued computers



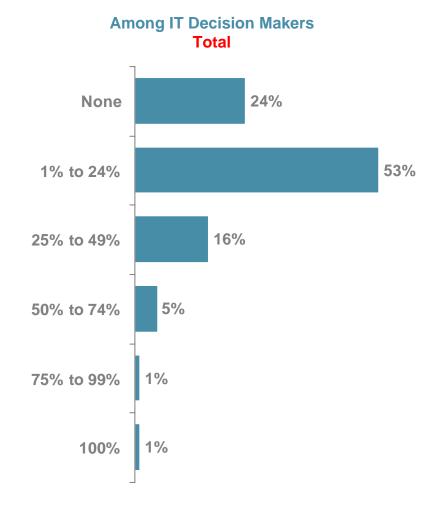
Note: Letters a-j indicate significant differences between countries at 95% confidence level.

Q: Do you think your company's employees are using non IT-approved programs and applications on their company-issued computers?

Relationship Between Unauthorized Use and Data Loss



• The majority of IT Decision Makers estimate that employee use of non IT-approved programs and applications contributes to 1% - 24% of data leakage, loss and identity theft.

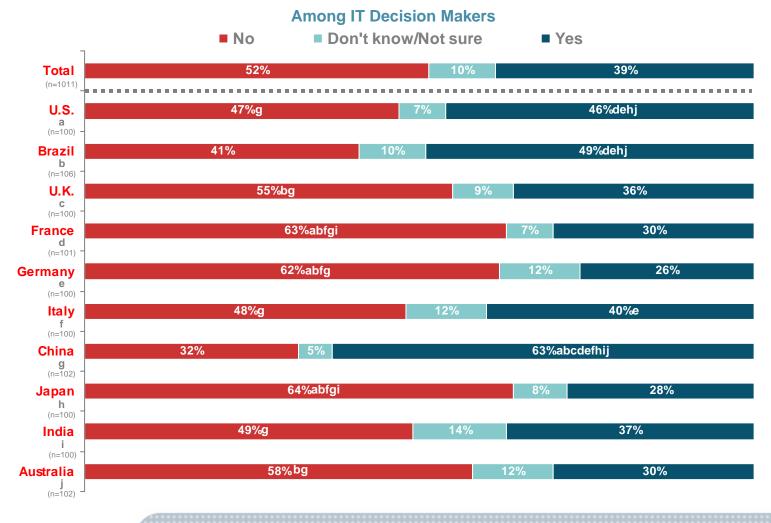


Q: How much do you estimate that employee use of non-IT approved programs and applications (including suspect Web applications and services) contribute to data leakage, loss, and identity theft?

Unauthorized Network & Facility Access



 About four in 10 IT Decision Makers have had to deal with an employee gaining access to an unauthorized physical or network area. Compared to other countries, a significantly larger proportion of IT Decision Makers in China have had to deal with an employees for unauthorized access.



Note:

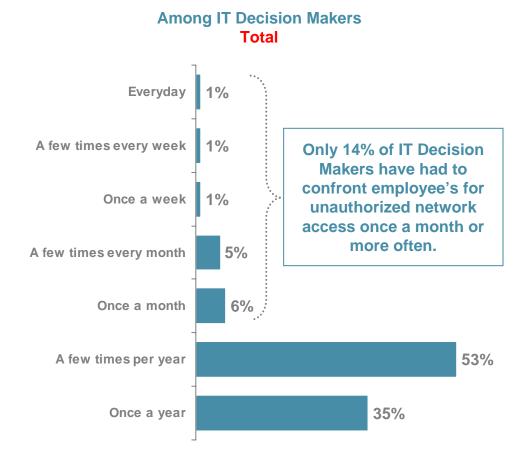
Letters a-j indicate significant differences between countries at 95% confidence level.

Q: Have you or your staff ever dealt with an employee intentionally or unintentionally gaining access to a physical or network area for which they were not authorized?

Unauthorized Network & Facility Access



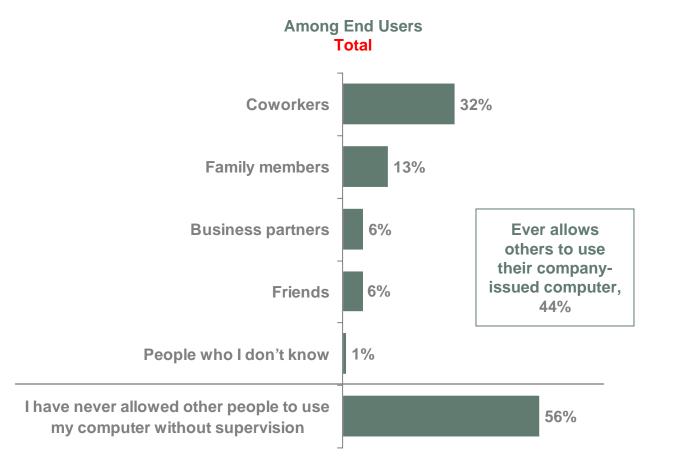
• For IT Decision Makers who have had to deal with employees gaining unauthorized network or facility access, the majority confronts an employee for such behavior only a few times to once a year.



Sharing Company-Issued Computer With Others



 More than four in 10 End Users has allowed someone else to use their company-issued computer without supervision.

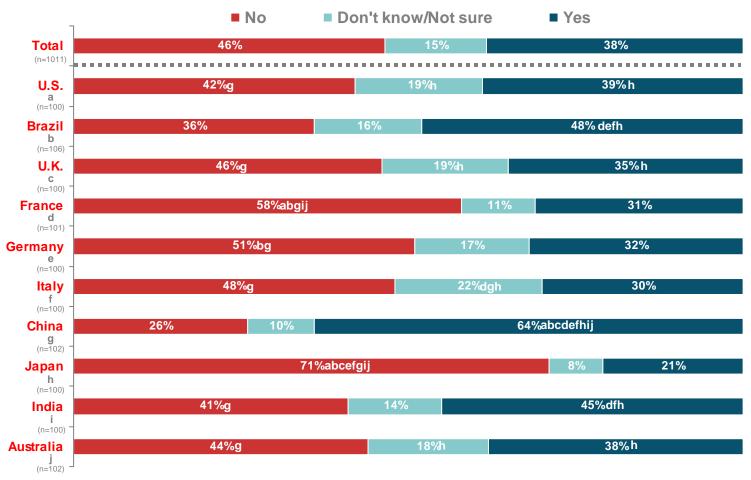


Q: Which of the following people have you allowed to use your company-issued computer without supervision? (Check all that apply.)

Sharing Company-Issued Technology With Others



- Nearly four in ten IT Decision Makers believes their company's employees allow others to use their company-issued mobile device or laptop without their supervision.
 - Suspicion of this behavior is highest in China and lowest in Japan.



Among IT Decision Makers

Note: Letters a-j indicate significant differences between countries at 95% confidence level.

Q: Do you think that your company's employees allow others to use their company-issued mobile device or laptop without their supervision?

Sharing Sensitive Information About Work With Others

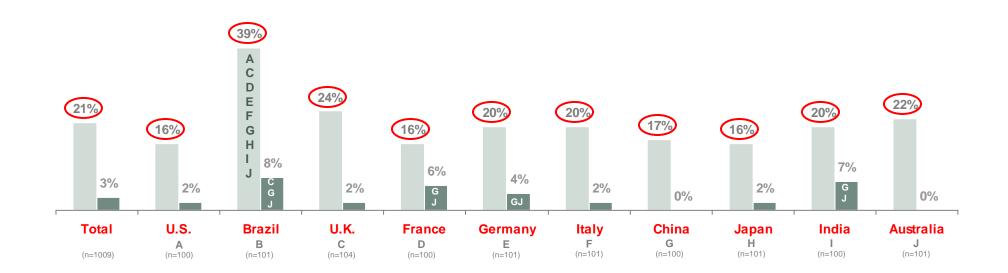
- End Users are significantly more likely to share sensitive information about their company or job with close friends or family members rather than strangers.
 - End Users in Brazil are significantly more likely than anyone else to share sensitive information about their job with close friends, their spouse/significant other, or family members.

Close friends/family

Among End Users

Have Told Sensitive Information To:

A stranger



Note:

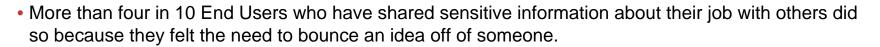
Letters a-j indicate significant differences between countries and \bigcirc indicates significant differences between close friends/family and strangers at 95% confidence level.

Q: Have you ever told your close friends, spouse, significant other, or a family member sensitive information about your company or job?

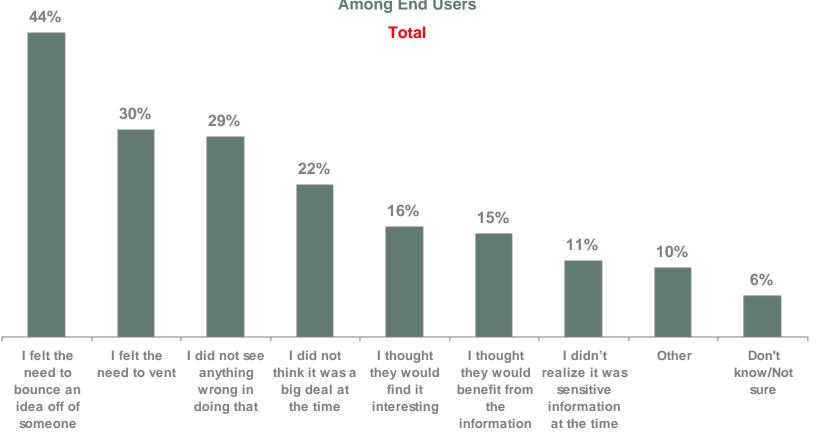
Q: Have you ever told a stranger sensitive information about your company or job?

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Reasons For Sharing Sensitive Information With Others



• Three in 10 felt the need to vent and/or did not see anything wrong with sharing the sensitive information.

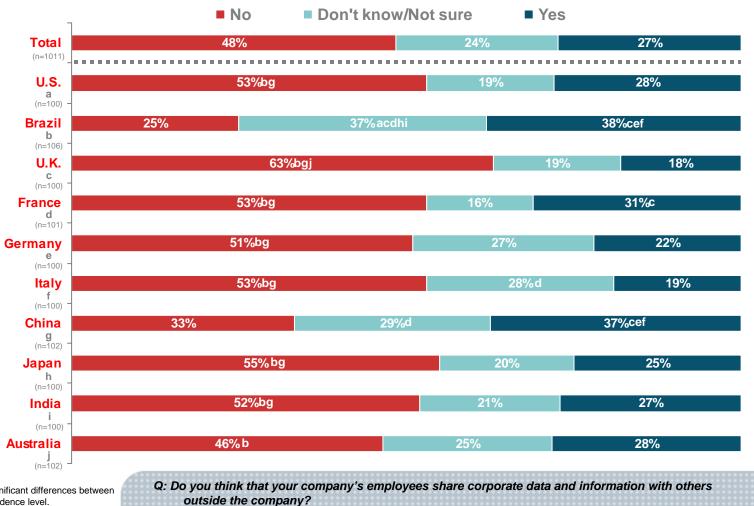


Among End Users

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Sharing Sensitive Information About Work With Others

- More than one in four IT Decision Makers tends to believe their company's employees share corporate data and information with others outside the company.
 - The perception that employees share corporate data and information externally is significantly higher among IT Decision Makers in Brazil and China.



Among IT Decision Makers

Letters a-j indicate significant differences between countries at 95% confidence level.

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Activities That Risk Corporate Security

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AUS

50%

BEHI

45% BEHI

24% AH

20% H

16%

15%

19% HI

14% E

> 5% H

6%

2%

13% BGH

5%

6%

А

2%

5% D

32% G

n=101) J

END USERS

DELL

 Two-thirds of respondents have done one or more activities that threaten corporate security on some level.

 Stepping away from the comput without logging or shutting it dow Has d at least risk activ 67% and leaving computer on the desk overnight (while logged of and shut down) are the most commonly performed activities that could potentially risk corporate security.

	Total	US (n=100)	BRA (n=101)	UK (n=104)	FRA (n=100)	DEU (n=101)	(n=101)	CHN (n=100)	JPN (n=101)	
	(n=1009)	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	
Stepped away from your computer witho logging off or shutting it dow		46% El	34% I	45% El	47% EHI	28% I	40% I	40% I	33% I	
Left your computer on your desk overnig but logged off and shut dow		35% BE	21%	33%	40% BEH	21%	36% BE	45% BEHI	24%	
Carried corporate data on portable storage devices outside the office		7% H	26% AEH	22% AH	31% AEH	14% H	27% AEH	41% ABCEFHI J	1%	
Stored computer logins/passwo information on your computer at wo		16%	14%	17%	15%	18%	17%	35% ABCDEF HJ	10%	A
Shared computer logins/password with fellow employed		16%	13%	20% H	19% H	13%	24% BEH	25% BEH	8%	
Thrown away corporate paperwork in garbage can instead of shredding		9%	15%	10%	26% ACEI	14%	31% ABCEHIJ	35% ABCEHIJ	15%	
Stepped away from your computer witho using a security cab		12%	10%	22% BEHI	21% BHI	11%	16% HI	26% ABEHI	7%	
Left your computer on your desk overnig while still logged o		16% EH	10% E	13% E	32% ABCEFG HIJ	0%	12% E	13% E	6% E	
Sent corporate data to business partners v Instant Messeng		4% H	22% ACDEFH J	5% H	9% H	9% H	6% H	31% ACDEFHJ	0%	ŀ
Stored logins/password/account numbe for your personal financial accounts on yo comput	ur 10%	7%	8%	9%	5%	6%	13%	28% ABCDEF HIJ	7%	
Written computer logins/passwo information down and posted them on yo monitor or desk at wo	ur 8%	8% H	7% H	10% HJ	8% H	7% H	14% HJ	6%	1%	
Written computer logins/passwo information down and stored them in a unlocked cabinet at wo	an 7% rk	10% H	4%	8%	5%	8%	10% H	4%	3%	
Shared computer logins/password with non-employ e.g. family, friend, e	e 5%	1%	5%	8% A	5%	4%	3%	14% ABDEFHJ	3%	
Left work laptop/PDA in an insecure location e.g. car, restaurant, hotel, et		0%	6% A	4% A	11% AH	4% A	5% A	8% AH	1%	
Written down logins/password/accou numbers for your personal financi accounts and posted them on your monit or desk at wo	al 4%	0%	3%	5% AH	6% AH	3%	5% AH	3%	0%	
Written down logins/password/accou numbers for your financial accounts ar store them in an unlocked cabinet at wo	nd 2%	3%	1%	2%	0%	4% D	3%	1%	1%	
None of the above	ve 33%	45% DFG	34% DG	33% G	21%	42% DFG	28% G	13%	50% BCDFGIJ	

DDA

Letters A-J indicate significant differences between countries at 95% confidence level.

Note:

Allowing Strangers In The Office



• More than one in five German employees admit to allowing vendors or partners roam offices unsupervised.

		END USERS											
		Total	US (n=100)	BRA (n=101)	UK (n=104)	FRA (n=100)	DEU (n=101)	ITA (n=101)	CHN (n=100)	JPN (n=101)	IND (n=100)	AUS (n=101)	
		(n=1009)	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	
Has allowed unauthorized people to enter the office without supervision, 21%	Allowed vendors or partners to roam around your company's office building (e.g. going to the restroom, etc.) without escort	13%	9%	14%	12%	15%	22% AHJ	14%	19% AHJ	7%	16% HJ	7% BF	
	Seen an unauthorized person enter your company's office building by tailgating behind another person who unlocked the door with their badge	6%	5%	8%	6%	9% H	6%	5%	10% H	2%	10% H	4%	
	Allowed someone to enter your company's office building without company identification or badge	6%	2%	4%	5%	8%	6%	5%	14% ABCFHJ	3%	7%	5%	
	Allowed a service or delivery worker to enter your company's office building through an entrance other than the primary one	6%	7% BF	1%	5% F	8% BF	4% F	0%	17% ABCEF HIJ	4%	5%	7%	
	None of the above	79%	85% EG	75%	81% G	75%	72%	81% G	66%	91% BCDEF GI	75%	86% DEGI	

Note: Letters A-J indicate significant differences between countries at 95% confidence level.

Q: Have you ever? (Check all that apply.)

Taking Security Measures While Working Remotely



- Only half of End Users who work remotely say they continually monitor their surrounding to make sure no-one is looking at their work.
 - More than one in four End Users who work remotely, particularly those in Japan, *do not take any* special precautions to ensure security and privacy while working in a public setting.

		END USERS												
		Total	US (n=43*)	BRA (n=69)	UK (n=51)	FRA (n=63)	DEU (n=51)	ITA (n=65)	CHN (n=79)	JPN (n=58)	IND (n=74)	AUS (n=57)		
	(n=610) A B C D E F G H I J PRIVACY MEASURES													
Takes measures to ensure privacy, 73%	I continually monitor my surroundings to make sure no-one is looking at my work	49%	47%	61% DFGH	55% H	37%	49%	43%	43%	34%	65% DFGH	51%		
	I speak softly while on business calls	32%	26% D	45% ADFHJ	35% DH	10%	27% D	23% D	51% ADEFHJ	14%	57% ACDEF HJ	19%		
	l use a privacy filter so no one can see my screen	23%	14% H	32% ACEH	10%	24% EH	6%	34% ACEH	28% CEH	2%	39% ACEH	28% CEH		
	Other	7%	9%	4%	6%	8%	6%	8%	5%	3%	7%	18% BGH		
	I don't take any special precautions to ensure my security and privacy	27%	30% Bl	13%	24% I	40% BGIJ	39% BGIJ	26% I	19%	55% ABCFGI J	9%	21%		

Q: When working from a remote location in a public setting, what measures do you employ to ensure your security and privacy? (Check all that apply.)

Working Remotely From Home



• Nearly half of Total End Users (and more than six in 10 from China and Brazil) who work remotely typically transfer work documents to and from their home computer when working from home.

	END USERS												
	Total	US (n=43*)	BRA	UK (n=51)	FRA	DEU (n=51)	ITA	CHN (n=79)	JPN (n=58)	IND (n=74)	AUS		
	(n=610)	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J		
I transfer documents to my home computer either through email or a portable storage device then transfer them back to my work computer once completed	46%	30%	61% ACHJ	41%	51% AH	43% H	52% AH	65% ACEHIJ	24%	45% H	35%		
Take my company-issued notebook computer home and use that for my work	40%	26%	22%	47% ABH	46% ABH	55% ABFH	31%	54% ABFH	22%	47% ABFH	44% BH		
I use my personal cell phone to receive and place business calls	38%	42% EF	35%	37%	32%	22%	23%	61% ABCDE FHJ	40% E	47% EF	32%		
I am not able to access my company's network from remote locations so I use corporate Webmail to email documents to coworkers, customers, and prospects		14%	7%	12%	19% B	10%	18%	27% BCEHIJ	10%	11%	7%		
I am not able to access my company's network from remote locations so I use personal email to send information to coworkers, customers, and prospects		9%	9%	8%	11%	8%	3%	23% BCEF	16% F	16% F	21% F		
Other	5%	12% DFGHI	6%	12% DFGHI	2%	8% F	0%	1%	2%	1%	12% DFGH		
I do not work from home	9%	9% G	10% G	10%	6%	8%	11% G	1%	28% ABCDE FGIJ	7%	5%		

Summary



- Data's Increasing Importance: Knowledge workers their tool is data
- Data landscape: Lines blurring between personal, work life
- Drivers: Collaboration, mobility, Web 2.0, social media, video
- Scope: Data loss is not just a network issue it's verbal, physical, visual, etc.
- IT security strategy: People, process, technology
- IT's Role: Education, IT-employee relationships, image evolution
- Where to Begin: Behavioral understanding first, then tailor education and technology plans

